## IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

## Docket No. 37278

STATE OF IDAHO,	) 2011 Unpublished Opinion No. 388
Plaintiff-Respondent,	) Filed: March 15, 2011
v.	) Stephen W. Kenyon, Clerk
DAVID LEE WILDER,	) ) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED
Defendant-Appellant.	OPINION AND SHALL NOT BE CITED AS AUTHORITY
Kootenai County. Hon. John Judgment of conviction and	Court of the First Judicial District, State of Idaho, n T. Mitchell, District Judge.  d unified sentence of fifteen years, with a minimum ur years, for aggravated driving under the influence of
Molly J. Huskey, State Appellate Public Defender, l	ppellate Public Defender; Spencer J. Hahn, Deputy Boise, for appellant.
Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, General, Boise, for responde	Attorney General; Lori A. Fleming, Deputy Attorney

Before GRATTON, Chief Judge; LANSING, Judge; and MELANSON, Judge

## PER CURIAM

David Lee Wilder pled guilty to aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol. I.C. § 18-8006. The district court sentenced Wilder to a unified term of fifteen years, with a minimum period of confinement of four years. The district court retained jurisdiction. After Wilder completed the retained jurisdiction program the district court suspended the sentence and granted probation for a period of three years. Wilder appeals the sentence.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-

15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Wilder's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.